ALLEN DEFENDS HIS PARTY

Eays it Advocates No Vagaries but Simply Reforms.

SENATOR GEORGE TAKES HIM TO TASK

Accused the Nebraska Senator of Garbling the Platform and Maintains Its Good Features Are All Borrowed from Democracy.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 .- The senate gave the day to further speeches, in which the income tax served as a text for a wide range of discussion on the tariff, the currency and the populist platform. Mr. Hill's proposition made last week to amend the deficiency bill so that the income tax would be tested in the courts has apparently started an inexhaustible flow of speeches on public affairs in general. Mr. Cockrell, in charge of the deficiency bill, has sought valuly to secure a vote on the Hill amendments to the bill, that it might move along to final passige. He hoped to secure action today, but the speeches of Mr. Call of Florida and Mr. Allen of Nebraska made this impossible. Mr. Allen took occasion to defend the populist party against many charges made in and out of congress, that it was a party of vagaries. It led to a very full discussion of all populist doctrines and a comperison of them with the doctrines of other parties.

Touching reference was made in Chaptain Milburn's opening prayer to the bereavement of Senator Hansberough of North Dakota in the loss of his wife.

Mr. Voorhees, from the finance committee, favorably reported the bill for collage at the branch mint at Denver. Mr. Manderson secured the passage of two

important resolutions, calling on the secre-tary of the treasury for information on the tariff. One resolution asks for the quantites of spirits and high wines taken out of bond during the sixty days prior to August 29 last, when the new tariff law took effect, the names of the parties or concerns who took the goods from bond and all other detailed information concerning the same. The other resolution calls on the secretary for full information during the sixty days prior to August 29, the names of importers, amounts of imports, the country whence they came,

A house bill was passed authorizing the Little Rock & Pacific Railroad company to construct bridges across the Fourche, La Fever and Petit Jean rivers in Arkansas, A senate bill was passed to approve the construction of a bridge across the Red river between the states of Arkansas and Texas, at a point above the town of Fulton, Ark. The debate was then resumed on the in-

come tax and the deficiency appropriation bill, and Mr. Call of Florida addressed the senate in favor of the appropriation.

Mr. Quay presented a statement from the stock books of the Lehigh Valley Railroad company showing the income tax would fall mainly on stockholders having small amounts of stock. It gave the total number of stock-holders as over 9,000, while more than 70 per cent of this had interests below \$4,000. Mr. Quay said the showing of this company was undoubtedly the same as that of other corporations.

ALLEN DEFENDS THE POPULISTS. Mr. Allen of Nebraska spoke of the fact that Mr. Gormon and the senator from Iowa (Mr. Allison) were announcing to the country their readiness to got together on a plan for raising revenue although the parties of these two leaders had been irreconcilably separated on the revenue question for twenty-five years. He said a considerable element on the democratic side of the senate were as essentially protectionlets. cratic side of the senate were as essentially protectionists as the senators on the other side. It was merely a difference of degree in their protection. This common feeling was the reason the senate had witnessed the remarkable spectacle of democrats and republicans "falling on each others necks and induiging in a love feast."

Mr. Allen yielded for submission of a message from the president concerning the arrest of two Japanese students by China while they were under the protection of the United States.

States.

Resuming, Mr. Allen urged that the two old parties had served their periods of usefulness and that the populist party, representing the masses, was the party of the future, It had cast 1,000,000 in 1893 and 2,000,000 in 1894, showing the phenomenal growth of 100 per cent. It had no "vagaries," as senators had asserted universales," as senators had asserted universales." tors had asserted, unless it was the sub-treasury scheme, and this was not believed in by the great majority of populists. Mr. Allen read the populist platform adopted at Omaha and in commenting on it, stated that the populists believed in the election of United States senators by the people

United States senators by the people.

"That doctrine," interrupted Mr. George of Mississippi, "was embedied in a resolution by a democratic house of representatives befor the normalists were thereby populists were thought of. It will be found whatever is good in the populist plat-form was taken from democratic principles." "Another populist accession from the ene-my's ranks," said Mr. Allen.

No, no, not an accession," declared Mr. e. "The populists are following demo-not democrats following populists. Give me your national platform and I will point out the planks taken from democracy." Mr. George took the populist platform and awaited an opportunity to comment on it. NOT THE POPULISTS', BUT ALLEN'S

PLATFORM. A sharp controversy arose when Mr. George secured recognition to point out that the platform read by Mr. Allen was not the au-thorized platform of the party; that it was "made up out of the senator's head," and that it omitted the subtreasury and government ownership of railroads.

Mr. Allen, lowever, insisted he had not claimed the paper submitted was the populist Mr. George commented sharply upon the action of a senator in giving the authority of his name to a platform purporting to em-body populist doctrine and yet carefully and

designedly omitting government ownership of railways and dectrines adopted by the populist convention. There was a spirited exchange between the senators, as Mr. George insisted on holding up to the senator the fact he had undertaken to issue his own populist platform, and Mr. Allen charged Mr. George with "hedging and dodging." The galleries and the few senators present listened with evident amusement. Continuing his speech, Mr. Allen defended

populist party against the charge of socialism and anarchy. Mr. Cockrell gave notice he would insist on the final disposition of the deficiency bill tomorrow. The senate then held a brief ex-ecutive session, and at 4:45 p. m. adjourned.

DISCUSSED INDIAN APPROPRIATIONS.

House Put in the Day at it but Accomplished no Results. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 .- The day in the

house was devoted after the morning hours to the Indian appropriation bill, but no progress was made. The chairman of the appropriations committee reported the sundry civil appropriation bill to the house today.

Mr. Gresvenor, republican of Ohio, presented a reply to a recent memorial sent to the judiciary committee by Mr. Ritchie of Akron, O., making supplementary charges against Judge Ricks of the United States court of the northern district of Ohic. Mr. Gresvenor stated that Mr. Ritchie's charges ancidentally involved ex-Senator, H. B. Payne and Judge Stevenson Burke, and the reply which was presented through him gave a which was presented through him gave a when the full statement of the pertinent facts in connection with the Ritchie charges. On behalf of these gentlemen, Mr. Grosvenor asked for a full investigation and complete report. consuring and prosecuting, or exonerating

On motion of Mr. Whiting, democrat of Michigan, a bill was passed for the relief of Dennis McIntyre.

Mr. McCreary, democrat of Kentucky, called up a bill authorizing Lieutenant Colonel Wood and Surgeon General Penrose to accept certain testimonials from the Argentine Republic, and it was passed; also au-thorizing Commander Dennis W. Mullen, U. S. N., to accept a medal from the govern-ment of Chili.

house went into committee of the whole for the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. Mr. Holman, chairman of the Indian committee, who has charge of the bill, explained the changes made. These

tions for Indian schools of \$125,350, making the total amount \$1,225,250; of this amount but 80 per cent was to be used for con-tract schools, in pursuance of the policy recently insugurated looking to the ultimate substitution. substitution of government for contract schools. The subject was further discussed by Mr. Little of Arkansas, Mr. Bowers of California, Pickler of South Dakota, and Brosius of Pennsylvania, but no progress was made with the bill, and at 4:30 the house adjourned

TOOK UP THE SUGAR DIFFERENTIAL. Wilson Urges the Removal of the Discrimi-

nating Duties. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 .- The house ways and means committee today decided to report to the house Mr. Wilson's bill to remove the one-tenth of 1 cent a pound differential on sugar imported from countries giving an export bounty, which has elicited protests from Germany, Austria and other nations and the repeal of which was recommended by the president. No action was taken on the bill to increase the tax on beer, as the subcom-mittee having it in charge had not met. Chairman Wilson took the lead in advocating the bill, urging the arguments which have been advanced by Secretary Gresham that the differential violates the most favored nation clause in treaties with Germany,

Austria and certain other nations.
"The differential," said Mr. Wilson, "puts money into the pockets of the Sugar trust at the expense of our cattle interests."

He gave it as his opinion and that of the administration that there could be no shadow of doubt that the exclusion of American meat from Germany on alleged sanitary grounds was inspired by the sugar duty and said that the retaliatory measures against this duty had already done great injury to American commercial interests and that still more sweeping acts of retaliation were threatened by Austria and other countries. The republicans opposed the bill. Mr. Reed ad some sarcastic remarks to make about the insufficiency of the revenue provided by the new tariff and said it would be folly to make changes that might decrease the government's income. Other republican members deplored what they termed a lack af Americanism in the policy of the State department. They argued the differential did not violate treaties and that a bad precedent would be established by permitting foreign governments to force legislation by No formal vote was taken and the names

SUNDRY CIVIL BILL REPORTED.

Carries Two Hundred Thousand Dollars for

the Omaha Building. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 .- The sundry civil ppropriation bill for the year 1896 was completed by the house appropriation committee today. It carries \$38,540,021, being \$7,843,-793 less than the estimates, and \$4,286,245 more than the appropriation for the current year. Under the head of public buildings the appropriations include Fort Worth, Tex., \$40,000; Kansas City, Mo., \$100,000; Little

Omaha, Neb., \$200,000.

Among other postoffice buildings appropriations are as follows: Portland, Ore., \$100,000; Pueblo, Colo., \$50,000; San Francisco, \$50,000; Sioux City, Ia., \$50,000; Washington, D. C., \$675,000; for repairs and preservation of public buildings throughout the United States, \$210,000.

Other appropriations are: San Francisco harbor, \$500,000; fish commissions, propaga-tion of food fishes, \$91,250; World's Columbian commission, the secretary of the treas-ury is to procure suitable cases for the bronze medals awarded exhibitors, and the bureau of engraving and printing is to print upon the blank diplomas authorized by law the names of persons to whom the diplomas are to be awarded by the Columbian commission. The expense of both the above are to be paid from money heretofore appropriated.

Recoinage of silver coins, \$100,000 is ap-Recoinage of silver coins, \$100,000 is appropriated. The word "fractional" is eliminated from the appropriation, for the reason the committee submits that occasionally there are a few silver dollars to be recoined. For enforcement of the alien contract labor law \$100,000 is provided, and for the enforcement of the Chinaga evaluation are \$100,000. ment of the Chinese exclusion act \$100,000.

REMOVED MRS. LINCOLN'S SI

Had Held Office Through Three Adminis-

trations Previous to This.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Franklin W. Joplin was appointed postmaster today at Elizabethtown, Ky., vice Mrs. Benjamin Elizabethtown, Ky., vice Mrs. Benjamin sufficient cause is shown to justify a trial Helm. The circumstances surrounding the case make it one of unusual interest. Ben cutors. The senators sit in the capacity of Hardin Heim, the husband of Mrs. Helm. was one of the most gallant soldiers in the confederate army. He was the commander of the famous Orphans brigade and was killed at the battle of Chickamauga. Mrs. Helm, the postmistress, who was today, was a younger sister of Mrs. Abraham Lincoln, who was a Todd. Colonel Robert Lincoln was her nephew, and when he was appointed secretary of war by President Garfield he secured his aunt's appointment as postmistress of Elizabethtown. That position she has held through three administrations-Arthur's, Cleveland's and Harrison's. Al-though an effort was made to have Mrs. Helm removed during Mr. Cleveland's term, it was not urgently pressed and was unsuccessful. The appointment of Franklin W. Joplin today was made on the recommena-tion of Representative Montgomery.

Melklejohn Appears Against His Man. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—(Special Tele-gram.)—Congressman Meiklejohn appeared before the grand jury today and testified in the Beams murder case. Mr. Meiklejohn

in the Beams murder case. Mr. Meiklejohn captured the murderer after the latter had killed his daughter.

Senator Manderson today introduced a bill extending until December, 1897, the time for the payment of the purchase money due for land sold on the Omaha Indian reservation. The bill provides that the extension shall be made regardless of the consent of the Indians. Mr. Meiklejohn has introduced a similar bill in the house.

Senator Kyle of South Dakota today introduced a bill providing that the president shall appoint a commission of three experts to be known as the forestry commission to make a careful and thorough examination of public timber lands of the United States and report to congress within one year from time of appointment what portion should be preserved in the interests of the people.

Discussed the Jones Bill. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The Jones bill was the subject of discussion by the senate committee on finance today, notwithstanding it has not yet been introduced in the senate or the preparation of it even completed. It is understood the republican members of the committee manifested a somewhat stronger interest in the subject of reorganization of the finances, and this interest was displayed, among others, by Senator Sherman, who made certain suggestions for its improvement, bearing especially upon the portion providing for a bond issue and looking to the maintenance of the parity of the government's various kinds of currency. The democratic members were encouraged to an extent by the interest displayed by their political opponents. committee on finance today, notwithstand-

No Action on the Pooling Bill. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.-The interstate commerce committee again today failed to reach a conclusion on the pooling bill, and it went over until the meeting to be held next Tuesday, with the understanding that a strong effort would be made to secure final action by the committee at that time. W. R. Morrison, chairman of the Interstate Commerce commission, submitted an amendment in the line of a suggestion made by him last week giving the commission supervision of pooling contracts prior to the time when they take effect, and he made a brief address showing the necessity from his point of view of giving the committee this privilege. commerce committee again today failed to

Postal Changes. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15,-(Special Telegram.)—The postoffice at Mabelo, Brown county, Neb., has been discontinued. county, Neb., has been discontinued, Mall will go to Alasworth.

Robert Hufschmidt was today commis-sioned postmaster at Lansing, and George H. Johnson at Nordness, Ia.

Purniture for Fremont's Building. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 .- (Special Telegram.)-The Treasury department has been notified that the federal building at Fremont. Neb., will shortly be ready for occupancy and has notified contractors for furniture for that building to ship same immediately.

VOTED TO IMPEACH RICKS

Resolution Has One Majority in the House Judiciary Committee,

ABSENT MEMBERS MAY REVERSE ACTION

Impeachment Based on the Charge that He Had Allowed Himself Illegal Fees-First Judicial Impeachment in Many Years.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 .- The bouse judiclary committee today decided to report a resolution for the impeachment of Judge Ricks of Cleveland. The vote was: For, seven; against, six. The vote was nearly on party lines but one republican voting for impeachment and one democrat against. Mr. Balley will present a majority report to the committee, and Mr. Broderick a minority report. The supporters of Judge Ricks entertain hopes that the decision will be reversed. Three members were absent today, and at will be reported to the house Friday, as privileged business, taking precedence over everything else. If the house adopts it, the managers on the part of the house will be apppointed to notify the senate of the action and to institute tife proceedings. The of Texas, Stockdale (dem.) of Mississipp Boatner (dem.) of Louisiana, Lane of Illi-nois, Balley of Texas, DeArmond of Misscuri, democrats, and Updegraff of Iowa, republican. Against impeachment: Ray of New York, Powers of Vermont, Broderick of Kansas, W. A. Stone of Pennsylvania, Childs of Illinois, republicans, and Goodnight (dem.) Harrison (dem.) of Louisiana, who was present, refrained from voting. The absentees were: Layton of Ohio and Wolverton of Pennsylvania, republicans, and Terry of Arkansas

It is thought both Layton and Wolverton are opposed to impeachment, and although Terry is thought to favor it, Friday's meeting may change the result. The discussion lasted three hours after the members of the subcommittee had submitted their views, and was rather informal. Mr. Builey spoke several times very warmly, and Mr. Boatner was very ardent in his advocacy of impeachment, while Broderick was the most actively opposed to the movement. The republicans accused the democrats of holding prejudices against federal judges and of losing no opportunity to strike at them. CAUSED SURPRISE IN CONGRESS.

CAUSED SURPRISE IN CONGRESS.

Congress was given a decided surprise by Hand Rolled Teas. the committee on judiciary deciding to report a resolution for the impeachment of Judge Augustus J. Ricks of Cleveland for malfeasance in office. Not for many years has a United States judge been called before the Rock, Ark., \$58,000. For the appraisers' warehouse in New York City. \$200,000 is appropriated for the construction of the building, and the limit of cost of the building, exclusive of cost of site, is extended \$1,000,000, making the total cost \$1,650,000; Omaha, Neb., \$200,000.

Among other postoffice buildings appropriations are as follows: Portland, Ore., \$100,000; Pueblo, Colo., \$50,000; San Francisco, \$50,000; Sioux City, Ia., \$50,000; Washington. the bench he paid to himself fees which he claimed he had previously earned as clerk of the court and to which it is now asserted he is not entitled. The number of years which have elapsed since the transaction and the contention of the judge's friends that the proceedings were inspired by a ruling prejudical to the interests of labor unions which he made recently, tended to lessen the interest which ordinarily would have been taken in the case. Now that the judiciary committee has deemed the matter of sufficient gravity to warrant impeachment it has become suddenly a decided sensation. t has become suddenly a decided sensation. The friends of Judge Ricks declare that there are large possibilities that the impeachment may not be undertaken. They depend on members who were absent from the stormy committee meeting today to join them Friday in voting to substitute a minority report for the one which Mr. Balley will prepare and which will be a strong arraignment of the judge if couched in the tenor of his speeches today. There is doubt of the parliamentary possibility of such a stroke, but the short time remaining to constroke, but the short time remaining to constroke the short time remaining the short time remainin gress inspired the belief the case will go the impeachment probably will not be under-taken as the decision today was practically on party lines, the republicans supporting Ricks.

The sanction of the house is that of a grand jury in such cases. It decides whether judges or jurors, with the judge of the judges or jurors, with the judge of the supreme court sitting. The senate has noth-ing to say whether an impeachment is to be conducted, but if it does not see fit to finish this trial before the 4th of March, the pro-

PREPARING THE OLYMPIA FOR SEA Navy Department Anxious to Get Her In

Commission Speedily. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.-The Navy department is making every effort to get the new cruiser Olympia ready for sea. The vessel is now in the possession of the builders a the Union Iron works in California, and although she had a successful speed and appliance trial many months ago, but owing to delays in the delivery of her armor and ome of her guns the department has not ye put her in commission. All is nearly ready now, however, and on the 21s inst. Lieutenant Dorn and Engineer Mallison will sall from New York in a Pacific mail steamer for San Francisco, via Panama, in charge of a draft of about seventy petty of-ficers and apprentice sailors, which will form the nucleus of the ship's company. The Olympia will probably be commanded by Captain Jacob Reed, now commanding the re-ceiving ship Independence at the Mare Island navy yard. The Olympia will be the flag ship of the Pacific station.

Indians Object to Land in Severalty. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 .- Chief Keokul and three associates of the Sac and Fox Indian delegation had another interview with Commissioner of Indian Affairs Browning today. They objected to the issuance of patents on their lands and explained the tribe was not yet in readiness for such action, which, under existing conditions, would result in considerable damage to Sac and Fox interests.

Postmusters Confirmed. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15,-The senate executive session today confirmed the fol-owing nominations. Postmasters: South Dakota-John Pusey, Miller, Wyoming-Isaac C. Winslow, Evanston, Nebraska-Joseph P. Harrison, Indianola, Colorado-W. Ray Simpson, Delta; Horace Bullock,

Conference Accomplished Nothing. WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 .- The conference f democratic members of the banking and arrency committee today was not productive of definite results and will be continued Eight of the eleven democratic members at-tended, the absentees being: Culberson Johnson of Ohio, and Sperry.

PETITION FOR A WRIT City Asks the Courts to Compel Railroads

to Comply with the Contract.

City Attorney Connell went to Lincoln yesterday to begin mandamus proceedings in the supreme court to compel the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Rhilroad company to perform its share of the work necessary to placing the Eleventh street viaduct in safe condition for travel. The ordinance orig-inally passed by the city council contemplated case will be pushed against the Burlington, and Mr. Connell expects that the supreme

court will soon render a decision in favor of the city. In that event it is understood that the viaduct will be repaired and two-thirds of

Hayden Bros' January Sale. It Will Pay You to KEEP YOUR EYES ON THIS SALE

Groceries.

35 lbs New Orleans granulated sugar. \$1.00 27 pounds white courst granulated sugar1.00 25 pounds fine granulated sugar \$1.00 Scotch rolled cats 3%c 3-pound can plums......121/2c -pound can pumpkin..... 9%c 5c yard. Pure red salmon, can...... 10c On sardines..... 31/20 Condensed cream, can..... 10c Condensed milk, can..... 10c Friday's meeting there will be an attempt to adopt the minority report. The resolution will be reported to the house Friday, as privileged business, taking precedence Pure Java and Mocha coffee, pound... 816c 3-pound bars castile soap, usual price

India and Ceylon TEAS

Y	English breakfast tea28c	nound
Н	Oolong blend tea 22c	mound
а	Pure Congo tea	pound
Э	Formosa tea (extra fine)	pound
١	Indian blend tea42c	pound
ı	India and Ceylon tea48c Choice Ceylon tea56c	pound
ı	Choice Ceyton tea	pound
ı		

Japan Teas.

Tea Siftings12½c	
Tea Siftings121/2c	pound
Pan Bred Japan	pound
Regular green Japan23c Uncolored Japan tea28c	pound
Uncolored Japan tea28c	pound
Basket fired Japan tea33c	pound
Spring leaf Japan	pound
First pickings of the spring crop,	
only43e	pound

Nanki	n gunpo	wder.				29c	poun
Pure	Moyune	tea.				35c	poun
Pin 1	n gunpo Moyuno lead gu	npowd	er			38c	poun
Hand	rolled	G. P.	tea			48c	poun
Real	rolled Monsoo sure a	n gui	powde	er		53e	poun
Be	sure a	nd as	k to	see	our	cele	brate
blende	od team	at 29c	47c at	nd 530	non	nd	

Books.

We are clearing up all odds and ends of ur book stock. Encyclopedia Brittanica,

Chambers' Encyclopedia, American Encyclopedia, at 35c per copy; n cloth, worth \$3.00, and 50c per copy in calf, worth \$5. "Autocrat at the Breakfast Table," for 25c Linen paper, 20c 1b. Envelopes to match, 10c package,

No. 5 envelopes, 3c package. Ink, 24c per bottle. Lead pencils, 41/2c per dozen.

it was declared to be in a dangerous and unsafe condition by the committee on viaducts and railways and the city engineer. It was then closed to public travel, and has since then remained in that condition. Therefore it is asked that a writ of mandamus be immediately issued commanding the railroad company to repair the structure at once.

THIS MAN HAS THE BLUES.

Pessimistic Prophecy of the Year 'Ninety-Five by Samuel Benner.

years past Samuel Benner has issued annually a prophecy in regard to various markets during the ensuing year. His prophecies have been right in a sufficient number of cases to create curiosity as to what he would say. His forecast for 1894 declared that there would be "continued embarrassed business. bankrupt officers, unemployed labor and ruined farmers."

For 1895 he says: "There is no promise or sign of better times for the coming year. We may look in vain for any permanent improvement in general business. Wheat at 54 cents a bushel at Chicago, cotton 51/2 cents per pound at Charleston, and pig iron at \$10 ton at Pittsburg denote impoverishment for farmers, cotton planters and furnace men The increase last year of \$100,000,000 in the bonded debt of the government does not signify that the people are contented, keeping out of debt and making money.

"Ever since 1873 values have been shrink-ing in consequence of the establishment of the single gold standard and no one can fathom the depths to which prices will fall. "There is no evidence that we are at the lowest point of depression. There is no property, except gold, which is not depreciating An average crop of grain in this country this year with fair crops abroad will send the price of wheat at Chicago after the next harvest down to 40 cents per bushel. Prices for corn next fall will decline to 25 cents a bushel. Fat hogs will be \$3 per 100 pounds gross for next winter's packing season. Prices for wool, cotton, iron, cattle and horses will be on the down grade during the present year. Common sheep, after the wool is taken off next year, will sell for what the pelt will then bring, 25 cents.
"To the anxious inquirer: The year 1895

will not be the proper time to make investments in property or to engage extensively

LEVY IS TOO SMALL.

Decision Reached that Fire Department Must Have More Money Than Proposed. The question of providing for contemplated mprovements in the fire department was discussed for nearly three hours yesterday forenoon by the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners, Councilmen Taylor, Prince, Kennard and Jacobsen, City Engineer Rosewater and Fire Chief Redell. The meeting was called for the purpose of considering the levy for 1895, in connection with the resolution introduced at the last meeting of the council, which provides for the purchase of two additional engines.

It was the general expression that the pres-ent levy of 5 mills was much too small to maintain the fire department on a proper basis. Mr. Strickler submitted an estimate of the expenses of the department for the cur-rent year, which amounted \$133,000. This includes the cost of the engines, and contemplates ninety-nine meh, besides the chiefs. The commissioners wanted the council to add 2 mills to the general fund levy, with the tacit understanding that the increased revenue so obtained should be applied for the use of the

fire department. This would provide a total of \$140,000 for the department, with which the commission-ers believed they could keep up the running expenses and provide for the added equipment. I some such measure as this was not adopted it would be useless to pass the resolution authorizing the purchase of additional enthat two-thirds of the expense should be borne by the Union Pacific and the remaining one-third by the Burington. Action was begun in United States court to compet the receivers of the Union Pacific to carry out their part of the provision, but the case has not been decided. In the meantime the

Hearing Water Works Cases at Kansas City. KANSAS CITY, Jan. 15 .- Justice Brewer United States supreme court and the viaduct will be repaired and two-thirds of the expense taxed up against the Union Pacific.

The petition which Mr. Connell filed yesterday gives the history of the controversy in detail and is accompanied by certified copies of all ordinances and resolutions bearing on the case. It recites that the viaduct was completed in 1835 and that in 1892 days.

Special

Mill remnants of yard wide percale 5c vard.

Mill remnants of light and dark outing flannel 5c yard. Mill remnants of Lonsdale, Berk-

ley and Fruit of the Loom cambric Mill remnants of brown muslin only 2te and 3te yard.

Mill remnants of purple calico Mill remnents of 36 inch wide

serges 5c yard. Mill remnants of best shirting prints 3 c yard.

Mill remnants of 40 inch wide fancy white India linon, apron lawn, soft finished long cloth, soft finished cambries, a big lot to pick from, 10c yard.

Mill remnants of bleached and half bleached muslin 5c yard.

Mill remnants of black and white and black and green and blue oil calicos 31c.

Mill remnants of heavy shirting 5c yard. Our counters are filled with bar-

gains-bargains that are bargains -and these bargains you will find only at Haydens.

white bed spreads at 65c, 75c, 85c and \$1 each. Lonsdale and Fruit of the Loom

muslin 5c yard. 10-4 Pepperell sheeting 15c yd. New styles English flannelette

10c yard. New dress ging ham 5c yard. On Wednesday we open advance

styles in spring novelties in wash dress goods. Haydens you will find in the lead on wash dress goods this season and it will pay you to look over our great display and see our various styles and get our prices.

Large stock of hair cloth-the real; also the imitation, from 10c

WYOMING'S ARID LAND LAW

Bill Pending Before the Legislature Providing for Future Redemption.

TO DISPOSE OF THE GREAT CAREY GRANT

General Government in Case the Land is Reclaimed by Irrigation.

CHEYENNE, Jan. 15 .- (Special.)-The bill introduced yesterday in the house of repre sentatives of the Wyoming legislature by Mr. Van Orsdel of Laramie county, providing for the acceptance, reclamation and disposal of the 1,000,000 acres of land donated to the state under the provisions of the Carey law is expected to attract considerable attention before the session is over. The bill provides that the power of selecting the land and disposing of it to actual settlers after contracts for irrigation works have been let shall be vested in the State Board of commissioners which is composed of the governor, superintendent of public instruction and secretary of state. The board is authorized to employ a chief clerk at a salary of \$1,500 per annum. Any person or corporation desiring to construct ditches, canals or other irrigation works to reclaim lands under the provisions of the act shall file with the board a request for the selection by the board of the lands to be reclaimed. The request shall be accompanied by a proposal to construct the irrigation works necessary for the reclamation of the land, and a certified check of no less than \$250 or more than \$2,500, as may be determined by the board. An application to appropriate water for the purpose of irrigating lands shall also be filed with state engineer. As soon as the proposal is received by the board it shall be submitted to the engineer for his opinion as to whether or not the proposed irrigation works are feasible.

WHEN THE SETTLER COMES IN. If the engineer's report be favorable, the board shall file with the local United States land office a request for the withdrawal of the land by the secretary of the interior. As soon as the lands are withdrawn the board can enter into a contract with the individual or company for the construction of the neces sary irrigation works. The contract shall specify the location and character of the proposed works and estimated cost of the same and the price at which the state shall dispose of the land to the settlers. No contract which requires a greater time than five years to construct the works shall be entered into by the board. The work is required to be begun within six months, and at least onetenth of the work shall be completed within

Immediately upon the withdrawal of any land by the secretary of the interior for the state, and the inauguration of work on the canals and ditches by the contractor, the board shall give notice by publication for four weeks in some newspaper in the county in which the land is situated, and one newspaper at the state capital that the land is open to settlement, giving the price for which it will be sold to actual settlers by the state.

Any person qualified under the provisions of the general homestead act is authorized to nter not more than 160 acres of these lands for the purpose of actual reclamation, cultivation and settlement, in accordance with the act of congress. The application to enter shall be accompanied by a certified copy of a contract for a perpetual water right made with the person or company constructing the irrigation works on the land. All applica-tions for entry shall be accompanied by a payment of 25 cents per acre, which shall be a partial payment on the land if the application is allowed.

The board shall dispose of the lands a act at a uniform price of 50 cents per acre, half to be paid at the time of entry and the remainder at the time of making final proof by the settler.

HOW TO PROVE UP. Within one year after any person or com-pany authorized by the board to construc-irrigation works shall have notified the set tiers under such works that they are prepared to furnish water, the said actilers shall culti-vate not less than one-sixteenth part of the land filed upon, and within two years after said notice the settler shall have irrigated

Furnishing Goods Dept.

100 dozen ladies' heavy ribbed vests,

35 dozen ladies black tights, extra heavy,

75 dozen ladies' white merino vests and pants, worth 87c.....42c 65 dozen gents' all wool sox, reduced from

65 dozen gents' unlaundered white shirts. linen bosom, double back and front, reduced

from 65c to......39c 75 dozen gents' heavy yarn all wool mitts

50 dozen gents' wool mufflers, worth

69 dozen corsets, S. C. W. B., French woven, and several other popular makes, all in one lot, worth \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00-

Jewelry.

and ends in silver novelties this week.

4-piece tea set, quadruple plate and gold Be sure and look over our sale on shift bed spreads at 65c, 75c, 85c Quadruple plate cake baskets, worth \$1.000...\$1.48 \$3.00 ... \$1.48

Quadruple plate pickle castor, worth
\$2.00 ... 98c

Rogers' quadruple plate berry dish, worth Rogers' 12-dwt. knives or forks, per set of

six\$1.25 Rogers' AA tea spoons, per set98c Rogers' AA table spoons, per set... \$1.98 Rogers' AA desert spoons, per set.... \$1.55 Triple plated butter knife and sugar shell in satin lined box, worth \$1.00, per set....39c Silver metal pepper and salts, each.....15c Silver plated butter knives, worth 35c each ... 10c
Special low prices on watches and jewelry.
Gents' gold filled watches, Elgin or Waltham

works, cases warranted to wear 15 years, Eyes tested free by a first class optician Guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Watches and clocks repaired at reduced prices. Nickle alarm clocks repaired for

and cultivated not less one-eighth of the land inspector. He has skipped for unknown parts,

Oc, excepting broken mainspring.

All water rights acquired under the provisfons of the act shall attach to and become appurtenant to the land as soon as title passes from the United States to the state. Any person or company furnishing water for any tract of land shall have a first and prior lien tract of land shall have a first and prior lien to the land shall have a first and prior lien to the land shall have a first and prior lien to the land shall have a first and prior lien to the land as soon as title passes.

Picked Up by the Police.

J. O. Whaland, Swan Johnson and John Evanson went into the house of Andrew Crever at 919 Jackson street at an early hour yesterday and took forcible posseson said water right and land upon which it is used, for all deferred payments for said water right, and upon default the same may be foreclosed the same as a mortgage on real

AT THEIR OLD BUSINESS

Hotel Thieves Found to Be a Crowd of Old Convicts. From present indications it would look as hough the gang of hotel thieves who worked the Millard and Paxton recently would escape with light punishment. Their names are James Griffin, alias Tom King, an exconvict recently released from the Fort Madison penitentiary; William Beck and William O'Brien. These men are accused of robbing the room in which Sandow, the strong man, was sleeping, taking \$100 in gold and a \$2,500 gold watch. Three watches were also stolen from the Paxton, but were afterward recovered from the pawnshops where they had been sold by an ex-convict who is known to the police, but who so far has escaped arrest. Some diamonds were stolen from the Paxton, and one of the men under arrest is thought to have swallowed them. Since the rrest of these men Sandow has been notified and as he is making big money in giving exhibitions and connot break any of his en gagements he refuses to come back to Omaha to prosecute the alleged thieves.

Monday Attorneys Tuttle and Jeffries apolied to Judge Scott for a writ of habeas corpus to secure the release of their clients. Then Captain Mostyn filed complaints against ill three of the prisoners, charging them with deadly assault upon Sergeant Whalen when they were being searched at police headquar-

Furniture.



We have just received our new line of Carriages, and can truly say that the styles are handsomer and the prices lower than ever before. We feel sure that we can suit you in every way, and can give you a car-riage at least \$2 and \$3 cheaper than ever.

Midwinter Leader.

Solid oak extension table, polished top. old-fashioned style, all oak polished, \$8.00 for a 6-foot and \$10.00 for au 8-foot has been the regular tariff, we have 20 6-foot and 18 8-foot, and you can now buy the 6-foot table for \$5.50, the 8-foot for \$8.50.

New Table -- New Price

Fine dining chair, brace, 65c. 12 dozen just in, regular price \$1.

Bed Room Suits. Two cars just in, 3-piece suits, bevel plate mirrors, at \$10.50, 12.75, \$15.00.

New Suits--New Price A new lot of cutting tables. A new lot of card tables.

Grand and Imposing Sale of

Of every description, including the choicest selection of sheet music The entire stock of the Max Meyer & Bro.

This stock needs no recommendation to the ceople of Omaha.

The selling price is the only thing to comment on, which in most cases is less than one quarter Max Meyer & Bro. Co.'s whole-

filed upon, and within three years from date but the police are confident that they will of notice the settles shall make final proof ultimately run him to the earth. There was of notice the settles shall make final proof of reclamation before the clerk of the board or a judge or clerk of the district court in which the land is situated. The claimant is required to establish an actual residence on the land.

But the police are confident that they will ultimately run him to the earth. There was another member of the gang who is known as the "spotter." He is the fellow who plans the jobs and gets a description of the places to be robbed for the benefit of his pals, who do the work. do the work.

sion of the rooms. The landlord tried to make them vacate the premises, but the men were too many for him and calmly piled into bed. Crever got a policeman and caused them to be arrested on a charge of trespass and vagrancy. Yesterday Judge Berka sentenced the fellows to ten days at hard

labor on the streets. A couple of weeks ago Adam Morrell, the proprietor of the Merchants hotel barber shop, decided to keep his shop open all day on Sundays in order to accommodate a number of his customers who do not get down town until in the afternoon. He only employs a small force in the afternoon. His course has not met with the approval of some of the other barbers. Monday he re-ceived a threatening letter covered with red skulls and cross bones. He was told that if he continued his present course he would letter purports to come from a special committee of aggrieved knights of the lather and razor. The letter has been turned over to the police for investigation.

FRESH ERUPTIONS AT AMORYN.

Island is Now Practically Devastated and Deserted.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 15 .- The British gunboat Kaurakat and the survey boat Dart arrived at Sydney from the New Hebrides islands just before the Miowera sailed. She brings the report that eruptions at Amoryn island is virtually deserted by all the inhabitants. A new volcano broke out early in December on a mountain 2,000 feet high with they were being scarched at poince headquarters. Beck was also charged with having in his possession burglars' tools, in the shape of a fine set of skeleton keys. The men will be tried on these charges, instead of on one of grand larceny, as the complaining witness cannot be secured. Another of this gape, caseended. The height of the latter as shown cannot be secured. Another of this gang, ascended. The height of the latter as shown Jimmie Coleman, a convict who was released by the sextant on the Dart was 4,000 feet. from the Iowa penitentiary, came here about the same time as did the hotel crooks. He has been identified as the man who committed the hig robbery at the St. Joseph's natives will starve. The losses are imhospital under the pretense of being a gas mense.

TEN CENTS

Boy's Knee Pants

-THIS WEEK-

Boys' Suits.

We are now stocked up with a very choice selection of Small Boys' Suits that ought to be priced \$3, \$3.50, \$4, but

they're half that,

\$2.00

\$1.50

M. H. Cook Clothing Co., 13th and Farnam Sts.

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